## Lawn Care Calendar

December-January	Avoid piling snow on turf areas, stay off frozen grass.
February	Stay off muddy grass areas. When not muddy, gently rake lawn to remove debris.
March	*Mow (0-2 times a month) Annual Grass Pre-emergent Control Dethatch, Moss control
April	*Mow (4 times a month), Moss control
May	*Mow (4-6 times month) Fertilize -Memorial Day (1 to 1.5 lbs/1000 SqFt), Broad-leaved Weed Control, Core Aeration, Overseeding, De-thatching (if > 3 inches thick)
June	*Mow (4-6 times a month), Irrigation (adjust for rainfall)-1 inch per week, divided into 5 sessions at 2/10 of an inch each time (will run off if more than 2/10 inch at a time)
July	*Mow (4 times a month) Fertilize-4 <sup>th</sup> of July (.5 to 1 lb), Irrigation (adjust for rainfall)1 inch per week, divided into 5 sessions at 2/10 of an inch each time (will run off if more than 2/10 inch at a time).
August	*Mow (4 times a month), Irrigation (adjust for rainfall)1 inch per week, divided into 5 sessions at 2/10 of an inch each time (will run off if more than 2/10 inch at a time)
September	*Mow (4 times a month) Fertilize Labor Day (.5 to 1 lb), Broadleaved Weed Control, Overseeding, Irrigation (adjust for rainfall)1 inch per week, divided into 5 sessions at 2/10 of an inch each time (will run off if more than 2/10 inch at a time).
October	*Mow (2-3 times a month), Irrigation (adjust for rainfall)1 inch per week, divided into 5 sessions at 2/10 of an inch each time (will run off if more than 2/10 inch at a time)
November	Fertilize Before Thanksgiving (1 to 1.5 lbs/1000 SqFt).

\*Mowing-raise mowing height and increase frequency to maintain height of 2-2 ½ inches. Never cut more than 1/3 of the grass blade. Mulch grass clippings (leave on lawn) to add nitrogen back into soil.

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- https://s3.wp.wsu.edu/uploads/sites/2062/2014/04/eb0482.pdf?x96359 Turfgrass management--EXCELLENT video! https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yd9jC9KiTuM .

https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/ec1278.pdf https://s3.wp.wsu.edu/uploads/sites/2071/2013/12/Lawn-Care-Calendar.pdf

## About Fertilizing your lawn

Visual turf F M S 0 quality M J J N J A A D High Medium Utility = Planned application Optional application

Figure 1. Fertilizer calendar for irrigated lawns in western Oregon.

Horizontal bars indicate time for each application. Adjust timing based on your goals and personal experience with your lawn. Each application is assumed to be at 1 lb N per 1,000 sq ft. On hungry lawns, 1.5 to 2 lb N per 1,000 sq ft can be used to stimulate density and color. Unless lawns are very weak, avoid early-spring applications since grass normally grows vigorously by itself at that time.

https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/ec1278. pdf

## Care schedule for parts of your lawn that matter most for visual appeal

https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/ec1521.pdf

High-input lawns									*Grass cycling ads up to 2 lbs N/1000 ft2/yr.						
	Notes	J	F	м	Α	м	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D		
Mowing	Increase frequency with increased growth														
Fertilization	*4-6 lb N/1,000 ft <sup>2</sup> /yr.														
	April application may not be needed. Utilize slow-release materials.														
Irrigation	Monitoring will indicate when needed at start of season														
Core aeration	Relieves compaction and improves percolation; can combine with overseeding														
Overseeding	Prevents weed encroachment in bare areas.														
De-thatching	Only if > 3/4" layer														

Care schedule for parts of your lawn that don't need to be golf-course perfect, and it won't take up too much time and energy keeping it looking good.

https://catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/sites/catalog/files/project/pdf/ec1521.pdf

Medium-input lawns									*Grass cycling ads up to 2 lbs N/1000 ft2/yr.						
	Notes	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D		
Mowing	Increase frequency with increased growth.														
Fertilization	*2-3 lb N/1,000 ft <sup>2</sup> /yr.														
Irrigation	Monitoring will indicate when needed at start of season														
Core aeration	Relieves compaction and improves percolation; can combine with overseeding														
Overseeding	Prevents weed encroachment in bare areas.														
De-thatching	Only if > 3/4" layer.														

## Care schedule for parts of your lawn that you'd like to be attractive, but want to spend minimal time keeping it healthy that

Way

Low-input lawns *Grass cycling ads up to 2 lbs N/1000 ft2/yr.											yr.		
	Notes	J	F	м	Α	м	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D
Mowing	Less water = less mowing								Η				
Fertilization	*1–2 lb N/1,000 ft²/yr.												
Irrigation	Monthly during period of peak drought stress												
Core aeration	Every 2–3 years will improve percolation												
Overseeding	Prevents weed encroachment in bare areas												